Deck Online Entrance Test and Interview

ANGLO-EASTERN

SYLLABUS

Total marks: 100 Duration: 120 minutes

S.No.	Subject
1.	English
	Sentence Completion
	Grammar
	Vocabulary
	Essay writing (300 words) at the time of the interview.
2.	Mathematics
	Number and operations
	Operations, ratio and proportion, averages, percentage, elementary number theory, fractions and decimals.
	 Squares and square roots, cubes and cube roots, exponents and powers, H.C.F. and L.C.M.
	• Arithmetic Progressions, <i>nth</i> term, sum of first <i>n</i> terms of A.P. and their application in solving problems.
	Algebra and functions
	• Expressions (up to cubic level), equations (up to quadratic level), properties of functions (linear, polynomial,
	rational)
	Linear Equations in Two Variables
	• Focus on linear equations of the type $ax + by + c = 0$
	Applications in solving problems
	Geometry and mensuration
	Plane Geometry (Lines and angles, triangles, squares, rectangles, parallelogram, trapezium, rhombus, quadrilaterals
	and circles)
	Co-ordinate Geometry (Lines and circles)
	 Three-dimensional Solids (Surface area and volume of cubes, cylinders, cones, spheres and combination of shapes)
	Trigonometry
	Trigonometric ratios of an acute angle of a right-angle triangle.
	Heights and Distances: Angle of elevation, angle of depression and problems based on these.
	Permutations and Combinations
	Fundamental principle of counting.
	 Factorial n. (n!), Permutations (ⁿP_r) and Combinations (ⁿC_r), simple applications
	<u>Probability</u>
	 Events; occurrence of events, Probability of an event and related problems
	Bayes' theorem
3.	General Knowledge
	Geography (Capitals, Oceans, Ports, Waterways, produce of countries etc.)
4.	Aptitude
	Qualitative reasoning
	Quantitative reasoning, Abstract reasoning
	Snatial reasoning
	Logical reasoning

5.	Physics Mechanics
	 Kinematics, such as velocity, acceleration and motion in one dimension.
	Dynamics, such as force, Newton's laws, statics and friction
	Energy and Momentum, such as potential and kinetic energy, work, power, impulse and conservation laws
	Circular Motion, such as uniform circular motion and centripetal force Simple Hermonia Metion, such as pendulum
	• Simple Harmonic Motion, such as pendulum • Crevitation such as the Universal low of gravitation. Kenler's lower force of gravitation of the parth (gravity)
	• Gravitation, such as the Universal law of gravitation, Replet's laws, force of gravitation of the earth (gravity), acceleration due to gravity, mass and weight.
	Electricity and magnetism
	 Electric Fields, Forces, and Potentials, such as Coulomb's law, induced charge, field and potential of groups of point charges, and charged particles in electric fields.
	 Capacitance, such as parallel-plate capacitors and time-varying behavior in charging/ discharging Circuit Elements and DC Circuits, such as resistors, light bulbs, series and parallel networks. Ohm's law, and Joule's
	 Magnetism, such as permanent magnets, fields caused by currents, particles in magnetic fields. Faraday's law, and
	Lenz's law.
	Waves and optics
	 General Wave Properties, such as wave speed, frequency, wavelength, superposition, standing wave diffraction, Doppler effect and Young's double slit experiment.
	Reflection and Refraction, such as Snell's law and changes in wavelength and speed
	Ray Optics, such as image formation using pinholes, mirrors, and lenses.
	Heat and thermodynamics
	 Thermal Properties, such as temperature, heat transfer, specific and latent heat, and thermal expansion
	 Laws of Thermodynamics, such as first and second laws, internal energy, enthalpy, entropy, and heat engine efficiency
	Floatation
	Thrust and pressure, Archimedes' Principle, Buoyancy
	Mechanical properties of Solids
	 Stress-strain relationship, Hooke's law, Young's modulus, Poisson's ratio.
	Mechanical properties of fluids
	 Pressure due to a fluid column; Pascal's law and its applications, effect of gravity on fluid pressure. Viscosity, Stokes' law, streamline and turbulent flow, Bernoulli's theorem and its applications.
	Thermal properties of matter
	Heat temperature thermal expansion
	 Heat transfer – conduction, convection and radiation, Stefan's law
6.	Chemistry
	Structure of Atom
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	Atomic number, isotopes and isobars
	De Broglie's equation, Heisenberg uncertainty principle
	States of Matter
	Gases including the kinetic molecular theory. Charles law, Boyle's law, the gas laws/relationships, molar volumes and
	density
	density.
	• Liquids and Solids
	Meteriala
	Materials Materials
	Beauties toward
	Keaction types
	Ine cnemistry of acids, bases and saits
	Conjugate acid-base pairs
	Periodic table
	Present form of the periodic table
	Periodic trends in properties of elements – atomic radii, valency etc.